

1.(5点×2=10点)

(1)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}, u(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 2x, f(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2 = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, v = \int (3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2)dy = 3x^2y - y^3 + 2y + C_1(x),$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -6xy = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = -\{6xy + C_1'(x)\}, C_1'(x) = 0, C_1(x) = C$$

$$v = 3x^2y - y^3 + 2y + C, v(0,0) = C = 0 \text{ より } v(x, y) = 3x^2y - y^3 + 2y$$

$$f(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 2x + i(3x^2y - y^3 + 2y), y \rightarrow 0, x \rightarrow z, f(z) = z^3 + 2z$$

(2)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}, u(x, y) = e^x(x \cos y + \cos y - y \sin y), f(0) = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = e^x(x \cos y + \cos y - y \sin y) + e^x \cos y = e^x(x \cos y + 2 \cos y - y \sin y) = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}$$

$$v = \int e^x(x \cos y + 2 \cos y - y \sin y)dy = e^x(x \sin y + 2 \sin y) - e^x \int y \sin y dy + C_1(x)$$

$$u_1 = y, v_1' = \sin y, u_1' = 1, v_1 = -\cos y, \int y \sin y dy = -y \cos y + \int \cos y dy = -y \cos y + \sin y$$

$$v = e^x(x \sin y + 2 \sin y) - e^x(-y \cos y + \sin y) + C_1(x) = e^x(x \sin y + y \cos y + \sin y) + C_1(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = e^x(-x \sin y - \sin y - \sin y - y \cos y) = e^x(-x \sin y - 2 \sin y - y \cos y)$$

$$= -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = -e^x(x \sin y + y \cos y + \sin y) - e^x \sin y - C_1'(x) = -e^x(x \sin y + y \cos y + 2 \sin y) - C_1'(x),$$

$$C_1'(x) = 0, C_1(x) = C, v(x, y) = e^x(x \sin y + y \cos y + \sin y) + C, f(0) = u(0,0) + iv(0,0) = 1 + iC = 1, C = 0$$

$$v(x, y) = e^x(x \sin y + y \cos y + \sin y), f(z) = e^x(x \cos y + \cos y - y \sin y) + ie^x(x \sin y + y \cos y + \sin y),$$

$$y \rightarrow 0, x \rightarrow z \text{ と置き換える } f(z) = (z+1)e^z$$

2.(5点×2=10点)

(1)

$$J = \oint_C \frac{1}{2z^2 + 4z + 5} dz, C: |z| = 2, 2z^2 + 4z + 5 = 0, z = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-10}}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{6}i}{2}$$

$$c_1 = \frac{-2 + \sqrt{6}i}{2} \in D, c_2 = \frac{-2 - \sqrt{6}i}{2} \in D, N = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} J &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_j} \left(\frac{1}{2z^2 + 4z + 5} \right) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j)}{2z^2 + 4z + 5} \right\} = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left(\frac{1}{4z + 4} \right) \\ &= \frac{\pi i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{c_1 + 1} + \frac{1}{c_2 + 1} \right) = \frac{\pi i}{2} \left(\frac{1}{-1 + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}i + 1} + \frac{1}{-1 - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}i + 1} \right) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$J = \oint_C \frac{1}{z^4 + 3z^2 + 2} dz, C: |z - 3i| = 3, z^4 + 3z^2 + 2 = (z^2 + 1)(z^2 + 2) = 0, z = \pm i, z = \pm \sqrt{2}i$$

$$z = i = c_1 \in D, z = \sqrt{2}i = c_2 \in D, N = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} J &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_j} \left(\frac{1}{z^4 + 3z^2 + 2} \right) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j)}{z^4 + 3z^2 + 2} \right\} = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left(\frac{1}{4z^3 + 6z} \right) \\ &= \pi i \left(\frac{1}{2c_1^3 + 3c_1} + \frac{1}{2c_2^3 + 3c_2} \right) = \pi i \left(\frac{1}{2i^3 + 6i} + \frac{1}{2(\sqrt{2})^3 i^3 + 3\sqrt{2}i} \right) = \pi \left(\frac{1}{-2 + 3} + \frac{1}{-4\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}} \right) \\ &= \pi \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{2} \pi \end{aligned}$$

3.(10点×2=20点)

(1)

$$J = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x + 6} dx, f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 2z + 6}, Rf(\operatorname{Re}^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 6 = 0, z = -1 \pm \sqrt{1-6} = -1 \pm \sqrt{5}i, c_1 = -1 + \sqrt{5}i \in D$$

$$J = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_1} \left(\frac{1}{z^2 + 2z + 6} \right) = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{(z - c_1)}{z^2 + 2z + 6} = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{1}{2z + 2} = \frac{\pi i}{c_1 + 1} = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \pi$$

(2)

$$J = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^4 + 1} dx, f(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^4 + 1}, Rf(\operatorname{Re}^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^4 + 1 = 0, z^4 = -1 = e^{\pi + 2n\pi i}, z = e^{\frac{\pi + 2n\pi i}{4}}, n = 0, 1, 2, 3, z_0 = e^{\frac{\pi}{4}}, z_1 = e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}}, z_2 = e^{\frac{5\pi}{4}}, z_3 = e^{\frac{7\pi}{4}}$$

$$c_1 = e^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \in D, c_2 = e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \in D, N = 2$$

$$J = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}(f(z)) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j) z^2}{z^4 + 1} \right\} = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{z^2 + (z - c_j) 2z}{4z^3} \right\} = 2\pi i \left(\frac{1}{4c_1} + \frac{1}{4c_2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\pi i}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}} + e^{-\frac{3\pi}{4}} \right) = \frac{\pi i}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \pi$$

4.(10点 × 2 = 20点)

(1)

$$S = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \pi x}{x^2 + 2x + 7} dx, f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 2z + 7}, m = \pi > 0, f(\operatorname{Re} e^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 7 = 0, z = -1 \pm \sqrt{1-7} = -1 \pm \sqrt{6}i, c_1 = -1 + \sqrt{6}i \in D$$

$$J = S + iT = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{e^{i\pi z}}{z^2 + 2z + 7}\right) = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{(z - c_1) e^{i\pi z}}{z^2 + 2z + 7} = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{e^{i\pi z} + (z - c_1) e^{i\pi z} i \pi}{2z + 2} = \frac{\pi i e^{i\pi c_1}}{c_1 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\pi e^{i\pi(-1+\sqrt{6}i)}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \pi (-e^{-\sqrt{6}\pi}) = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \pi e^{-\sqrt{6}\pi}, S = \operatorname{Re}(J) = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \pi e^{-\sqrt{6}\pi}$$

(2)

$$T = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \pi x}{x^4 + 5x^2 + 4} dx, f(z) = \frac{z}{z^4 + 5z^2 + 4}, m = \pi > 0, f(\operatorname{Re} e^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^4 + 5z^2 + 4 = (z^2 + 1)(z^2 + 4) = 0, z = \pm i, z = \pm 2i, c_1 = i \in D, c_2 = 2i \in D, N = 2$$

$$J = S + iT = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{z e^{i\pi z}}{z^4 + 5z^2 + 4}\right) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \frac{(z - c_j) z e^{i\pi z}}{z^4 + 5z^2 + 4}$$

$$= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \frac{(2z - c_j) e^{i\pi z} + (z - c_j) z e^{i\pi z} \times i \pi}{4z^3 + 10z}$$

$$= 2\pi i \left(\frac{c_1 e^{i\pi c_1}}{4c_1^3 + 10c_1} + \frac{c_2 e^{i\pi c_2}}{4c_2^3 + 10c_2} \right) = 2\pi i \left(\frac{i e^{i\pi i}}{4i^3 + 10i} + \frac{2i e^{i2\pi i}}{32i^3 + 20i} \right)$$

$$= -\pi \left(\frac{e^{-\pi}}{-2i + 5i} + \frac{e^{-2\pi}}{-8i + 5i} \right) = -\pi \left(\frac{e^{-\pi}}{3i} - \frac{e^{-2\pi}}{3i} \right) = \frac{\pi}{3} (e^{-\pi} - e^{-2\pi}) i,$$

$$T = \operatorname{Im}(J) = \frac{\pi}{3} (e^{-\pi} - e^{-2\pi})$$

5.(10点 × 2 = 20点)

(1)

$$J = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{3 + \cos \theta} d\theta, z = e^{i\theta}, dz = e^{i\theta} i d\theta = z i d\theta, J = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{1}{3 + \frac{z+z^{-1}}{2}} \frac{dz}{zi} = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{2}{i} \frac{1}{z^2 + 6z + 1} dz,$$

$$z^2 + 6z + 1 = 0, z = -3 \pm \sqrt{9-1} = -3 \pm \sqrt{8} = -3 \pm 2\sqrt{2}, c_1 = -3 + 2\sqrt{2},$$

$$J = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{2}{i} \frac{1}{z^2 + 6z + 1}\right) = 4\pi \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_1)}{z^2 + 6z + 1} \right\} = 4\pi \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \left(\frac{1}{2z + 6} \right) = \frac{4\pi}{-6 + 4\sqrt{2} + 6} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \pi$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
J &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{2 + \cos \theta}{3 + 2 \sin \theta} d\theta, z = e^{i\theta}, dz = e^{i\theta} i d\theta = z i d\theta, J = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{2 + \frac{z+z^{-1}}{2}}{3 + 2 \frac{z-z^{-1}}{2i}} \frac{dz}{zi} = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{4i + iz + iz^{-1}}{6i + 2z - 2z^{-1}} \times \frac{1}{zi} dz \\
&= \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{4z + z^2 + 1}{(2z^2 + 6iz - 2)z} dz = \frac{1}{2} \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{z^2 + 4z + 1}{z(z^2 + 3zi - 1)} dz, z^2 + 3zi - 1 = 0, z = \frac{-3i \pm \sqrt{-9+4}}{2} = \frac{-3i \pm \sqrt{5}i}{2} \\
c_1 &= 0 \in D, c_2 = \frac{-3 + \sqrt{5}}{2} i \in D, N = 2 \\
J &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_j} \left\{ \frac{z^2 + 4z + 1}{2z(z^2 + 3zi - 1)} \right\} = \pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j)(z^2 + 4z + 1)}{z^3 + 3iz^2 - z} \right\} \\
&= \pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z^2 + 4z + 1) + (z - c_j)(2z + 4)}{3z^2 + 6iz - 1} \right\} = \pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left(\frac{z^2 + 4z + 1}{3z^2 + 6iz - 1} \right), c_2^2 = -3c_2 i + 1 \\
J &= \pi i \left(-1 + \frac{c_2^2 + 4c_2 + 1}{3c_2^2 + 6ic_2 - 1} \right) = \pi i \left(-1 + \frac{-3ic_2 + 1 + 4c_2 + 1}{-9c_2 i + 3 + 6ic_2 - 1} \right) = \pi i \left(-1 + \frac{-3ic_2 + 1 + 4c_2 + 1}{-3c_2 i + 2} \right) \\
&= \pi i \left(\frac{3c_2 i - 2 - 3ic_2 + 1 + 4c_2 + 1}{-3c_2 i + 2} \right) = \pi i \frac{4c_2}{-3c_2 i + 2} = \frac{-4 \frac{-3 + \sqrt{5}}{2}}{2 + 3 \frac{-3 + \sqrt{5}}{2}} \pi = \frac{12 - 4\sqrt{5}}{4 - 9 + 3\sqrt{5}} \pi = \frac{4(3 - \sqrt{5})}{3\sqrt{5} - 5} \pi \\
&= \frac{4(3 - \sqrt{5})}{\sqrt{5}(3 - \sqrt{5})} \pi = \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} \pi = \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5} \pi
\end{aligned}$$

6.(10点×2=20点)

(1)

$$f(z) = \frac{3z + 2}{z^2 + 7z + 10}, D = \{z | 3 < |z| < 4\},$$

$$f(z) = \frac{3z + 2}{(z + 2)(z + 5)} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z + 2} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z + 5}, \alpha_1 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -2} \frac{(z + 2)(3z + 2)}{(z + 2)(z + 5)} = -\frac{4}{3}, \alpha_2 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -5} \frac{(z + 5)(3z + 2)}{(z + 2)(z + 5)} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{\alpha_1}{z(1 + \frac{2}{z})} + \frac{\alpha_2}{5(1 + \frac{z}{5})} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{2}{z}\right)^n + \frac{\alpha_2}{5} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{z}{5}\right)^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{4}{3} (-2)^n z^{-(n+1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{13}{15} \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^n z^n, n+1 = n'$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n'=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{3} (-2)^{n'} z^{-n'} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{13}{15} \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^n z^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{3} (-2)^n z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{13}{15} \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^n z^n$$

(2)

$$f(z) = \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)}, D = \{z \mid 2 < |z| < 3\},$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} = \frac{\alpha_1 z + \beta_1}{z^2 + 1} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z + 4} = \frac{(\alpha_1 z + \beta_1)(z + 4) + \alpha_2(z^2 + 1)}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} \\ &= \frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)z^2 + (4\alpha_1 + \beta_1)z + (4\beta_1 + \alpha_2)}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)}, \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 = 3, 4\alpha_1 + \beta_1 = 1, 4\beta_1 + \alpha_2 = 2, \end{aligned}$$

$$4(1 - 4\alpha_1) + 3 - \alpha_1 = 7 - 17\alpha_1 = 2, \alpha_1 = \frac{5}{17}, \alpha_2 = \frac{46}{17}, \beta_1 = -\frac{3}{17}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{\alpha_1 z + \beta_1}{z^2(1 + \frac{1}{z^2})} + \frac{\alpha_2}{4(1 + \frac{z}{4})} = \frac{\alpha_1 z + \beta_1}{z^2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^n + \frac{\alpha_2}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{z}{4}\right)^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha_1 (-1)^n z^{-(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \beta_1 (-1)^n z^{-(2n+2)} + \frac{\alpha_2}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n z^n$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5}{17} (-1)^n z^{-(2n+1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{3}{17} (-1)^n z^{-(2n+2)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{23}{34} (-4)^{-n} z^n$$

(別解)

$$f(z) = \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z - i} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z + i} + \frac{\alpha_3}{z + 4},$$

$$\alpha_1 = \lim_{z \rightarrow i} (z - i) \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} = \frac{3i^2 + i + 2}{2i(i + 4)} = \frac{-3 + i + 2}{-2 + 8i} = \frac{-1 + i}{-2 + 8i} = \frac{(-1 + i)(-2 - 8i)}{4 + 64} = \frac{5 + 3i}{34}$$

$$\alpha_2 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -i} (z + i) \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} = \frac{3i^2 + i + 2}{2i(i + 4)} = \frac{-3 + i + 2}{-2 + 8i} = \frac{-1 + i}{-2 + 8i} = \frac{(-1 + i)(-2 - 8i)}{4 + 64} = \frac{5 - 3i}{34}$$

$$\alpha_3 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -4} (z + 4) \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} = \frac{48 - 4 + 2}{16 + 1} = \frac{46}{17}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{3z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 1)(z + 4)} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z - i} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z + i} + \frac{\alpha_3}{z + 4} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z(1 - \frac{i}{z})} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z(1 + \frac{i}{z})} + \frac{\alpha_3}{4(1 + \frac{z}{4})}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha_1}{z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{i}{z}\right)^n + \frac{\alpha_2}{z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-i}{z}\right)^n + \frac{\alpha_3}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{z}{4}\right)^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \{\alpha_1 i^n + \alpha_2 (-i)^n\} z^{-(n+1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_3}{4} (-4)^{-n} z^n,$$

$$n + 1 = n'$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n'=1}^{\infty} \{\alpha_1 i^{n'-1} + \alpha_2 (-i)^{n'-1}\} z^{-n'} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_3}{4} (-4)^{-n} z^n, n' \rightarrow n$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{5 + 3i}{34} i^{n-1} + \frac{5 - 3i}{34} (-i)^{n-1} \right\} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{23}{34} (-4)^{-n} z^n$$