

数学Ⅲ 期末試験 解答

1.(5点×2=10点)

(1)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}, u(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + x^2 - y^2, f(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2x = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, v = \int (3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2x) dy = 3x^2 y - y^3 + 2xy + C_1(x),$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -6xy - 2y = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = -\{6xy + 2y + C_1'(x)\}, C_1'(x) = 0, C_1(x) = C$$

$$v = 3x^2 y - y^3 + 2xy + C, v(0, 0) = C = 0 \text{ より } v(x, y) = 3x^2 y - y^3 + 2xy$$

$$f(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + x^2 - y^2 + i(3x^2 y - y^3 + 2xy), y \rightarrow 0, x \rightarrow z, f(z) = z^3 + z^2$$

(2)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}, u(x, y) = x + e^x \cos y, f(0) = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 1 + e^x \cos y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}$$

$$v = \int (1 + e^x \cos y) dy = y + e^x \sin y + C_1(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -e^x \sin y = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = -e^x \sin y - C_1'(x), C_1'(x) = 0, C_1(x) = C,$$

$$v = y + e^x \sin y + C, f(0) = u(0, 0) + iv(0, 0) = 1 + iC = 1, C = 0$$

$$v(x, y) = y + e^x \sin y, f(z) = (x + e^x \cos y) + i(y + e^x \sin y),$$

$$y \rightarrow 0, x \rightarrow z \text{ と置き換える } f(z) = z + e^z$$

2.(5点×2=10点)

(1)

$$J = \oint_C \frac{z}{z^2 + 2z + 2} dz, C: |z - i| = 2, z^2 + 2z + 2 = 0, z = -1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2} = -1 \pm i$$

$$c_1 = -1 + i \in D,$$

$$J = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{z}{z^2 + 2z + 2}\right)_{z=c_1} dz = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_1)z}{z^2 + 2z + 2} \right\} = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \left(\frac{2z - c_1}{2z + 2} \right) = \pi i \frac{c_1}{c_1 + 1}$$

$$= \pi(-1 + i)$$

(2)

$$J = \oint_C \frac{1}{z^4 + 6z^2 + 5} dz, C: |z| = 2, z^4 + 6z^2 + 5 = (z^2 + 1)(z^2 + 5) = 0, z = \pm i, z = \pm\sqrt{5}i$$

$$z = i = c_1 \in D, z = -i = c_2 \in D, N = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} J &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_j} \left(\frac{1}{z^4 + 6z^2 + 5} \right) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j)}{z^4 + 6z^2 + 5} \right\} = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left(\frac{1}{4z^3 + 12z} \right) \\ &= \pi i \left(\frac{1}{2c_1^3 + 6c_1} + \frac{1}{2c_2^3 + 6c_2} \right) = \pi i \left(\frac{1}{2i^3 + 6i} + \frac{1}{2(-1)^3 i^3 - 6i} \right) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

3.(10点×2=20点)

(1)

$$J = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x + 5} dx, f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 2z + 5}, Rf(\operatorname{Re}^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 5 = 0, z = -1 \pm \sqrt{1-5} = -1 \pm 2i, c_1 = -1 + 2i \in D$$

$$J = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_1} \left(\frac{1}{z^2 + 2z + 5} \right) = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{(z - c_1)}{z^2 + 2z + 5} = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{1}{2z + 2} = \frac{\pi i}{c_1 + 1} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

(2)

$$J = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^4 + 5x^2 + 4} dx, f(z) = \frac{1}{z^4 + 5z^2 + 4}, Rf(\operatorname{Re}^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^4 + 5z^2 + 4 = 0, (z^2 + 1)(z^2 + 4) = 0, z = \pm i, z = \pm 2i, c_1 = i \in D, c_2 = 2i \in D, N = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} J &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_j} (f(z)) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j)}{z^4 + 5z^2 + 4} \right\} = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{1}{4z^3 + 10z} \right\} = \pi i \left(\frac{1}{2c_1^3 + 5c_1} + \frac{1}{2c_2^3 + 5c_2} \right) \\ &= \pi i \left(\frac{1}{2i^3 + 5i} + \frac{1}{16i^3 + 10i} \right) = \pi \left(\frac{1}{-2 + 5} + \frac{1}{-16 + 10} \right) = \pi \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6} \right) = \frac{\pi}{6} \end{aligned}$$

4.(10点×2=20点)

(1)

$$S = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \pi x}{x^2 + 2x + 3} dx, f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 2z + 3}, m = \pi > 0, f(\operatorname{Re}^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 3 = 0, z = -1 \pm \sqrt{1-3} = -1 \pm \sqrt{2}i, c_1 = -1 + \sqrt{2}i \in D$$

$$J = S + iT = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_1} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi z}}{z^2 + 2z + 3} \right) = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{(z - c_1)e^{i\pi z}}{z^2 + 2z + 3} = 2\pi i \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \frac{e^{i\pi z} + (z - c_1)e^{i\pi z} i\pi}{2z + 2} = \frac{\pi i e^{i\pi c_1}}{c_1 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\pi e^{i\pi(-1+\sqrt{2}i)}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \pi (-e^{-\sqrt{2}\pi}) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \pi e^{-\sqrt{2}\pi}, S = \operatorname{Re}(J) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \pi e^{-\sqrt{2}\pi}$$

(2)

$$T = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \pi x}{x^4 + 1} dx, f(z) = \frac{z}{z^4 + 1}, m = \pi > 0, f(\operatorname{Re} e^{i\theta}) \rightarrow 0 (R \rightarrow \infty), (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$z^4 + 1 = 0, z^4 = -1 = e^{\pi i + 2n\pi i}, z = e^{\frac{\pi i + 2n\pi i}{4}}, n = 0, 1, 2, 3, z_0 = e^{\frac{\pi i}{4}}, z_1 = e^{\frac{3\pi i}{4}}, z_2 = e^{\frac{5\pi i}{4}}, z_3 = e^{\frac{7\pi i}{4}},$$

$$c_1 = e^{\frac{\pi i}{4}} \in D, c_2 = e^{\frac{3\pi i}{4}} \in D, N = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} J = S + iT &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{ze^{i\pi z}}{z^4 + 1} \right) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \frac{(z - c_j)ze^{i\pi z}}{z^4 + 1} = 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \frac{(2z - c_j)e^{i\pi z} + (z - c_j)ze^{i\pi z} i\pi}{4z^3} \\ &= 2\pi i \left(\frac{c_1 e^{i\pi c_1}}{4c_1^3} + \frac{c_2 e^{i\pi c_2}}{4c_2^3} \right) = \frac{\pi i}{2} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi c_1}}{c_1^2} + \frac{e^{i\pi c_2}}{c_2^2} \right) = \frac{\pi i}{2} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi \frac{\pi i}{4}}}{e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}} + \frac{e^{i\pi \frac{3\pi i}{4}}}{e^{\frac{3\pi}{2}}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}}}{i} - \frac{e^{-\frac{3\pi}{2}}}{i} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} (e^{i\pi \frac{\pi}{4}} - e^{i\pi \frac{3\pi}{4}}) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2} \{ e^{i\pi(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})} - e^{i\pi(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})} \} = \frac{\pi}{2} (e^{i\pi \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} - e^{-i\pi \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}) e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi} = \frac{i\pi}{2i} (e^{i\pi \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} - e^{-i\pi \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}) e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi} = i\pi \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi\right) e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$T = \operatorname{Im}(J) = \pi \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi\right) e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi}$$

5.(10点×2=20点)

(1)

$$J = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2 + \cos \theta} d\theta, z = e^{i\theta}, dz = e^{i\theta} i d\theta = z i d\theta, J = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{1}{2 + \frac{z+z^{-1}}{2}} \frac{dz}{zi} = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{2}{i} \frac{1}{z^2 + 4z + 1} dz,$$

$$z^2 + 4z + 1 = 0, z = -2 \pm \sqrt{4-1} = -2 \pm \sqrt{3}, c_1 = -2 + \sqrt{3},$$

$$J = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{2}{i} \frac{1}{z^2 + 4z + 1} \right) = 4\pi \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_1)}{z^2 + 4z + 1} \right\} = 4\pi \lim_{z \rightarrow c_1} \left(\frac{1}{2z + 4} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{c_1 + 2} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \pi = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \pi$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
J &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{4 + \cos \theta}{3 + \sin \theta} d\theta, z = e^{i\theta}, dz = e^{i\theta} i d\theta = z i d\theta, J = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{4 + \frac{z+z^{-1}}{2}}{3 + \frac{z-z^{-1}}{2i}} \frac{dz}{zi} = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{8i + iz + iz^{-1}}{6i + z - z^{-1}} \times \frac{1}{zi} dz \\
&= \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{8z + z^2 + 1}{(z^2 + 6iz - 1)z} dz = \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{z^2 + 8z + 1}{z(z^2 + 6iz - 1)} dz, z^2 + 6zi - 1 = 0, z = -3i \pm \sqrt{-9+1} = -3i \pm 2\sqrt{2}i \\
c_1 &= 0 \in D, c_2 = (-3 + 2\sqrt{2})i \in D, N = 2 \\
J &= 2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \operatorname{Res}_{z=c_j} \left\{ \frac{z^2 + 8z + 1}{z(z^2 + 6iz - 1)} \right\} = \pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z - c_j)(z^2 + 8z + 1)}{z^3 + 6iz^2 - z} \right\} \\
&= \pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left\{ \frac{(z^2 + 8z + 1) + (z - c_j)(2z + 8)}{3z^2 + 12iz - 1} \right\} = \pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \lim_{z \rightarrow c_j} \left(\frac{z^2 + 8z + 1}{3z^2 + 12iz - 1} \right), c_2^2 = -6c_2i + 1 \\
J &= \pi i \left(-1 + \frac{c_2^2 + 8c_2 + 1}{3c_2^2 + 12ic_2 - 1} \right) = \pi i \left(-1 + \frac{-6ic_2 + 1 + 8c_2 + 1}{-18c_2i + 3 + 12ic_2 - 1} \right) = \pi i \left(-1 + \frac{-6ic_2 + 1 + 8c_2 + 1}{-6c_2i + 2} \right) \\
&= \pi i \left(\frac{6c_2i - 2 - 6ic_2 + 1 + 8c_2 + 1}{-6c_2i + 2} \right) = \pi i \frac{8c_2}{-6c_2i + 2} = \frac{4c_2i}{1 - 3c_2i} \pi = \frac{-4(-3 + 2\sqrt{2})}{1 + 3(-3 + 2\sqrt{2})} \pi = \frac{4(3 - 2\sqrt{2})}{6\sqrt{2} - 8} \pi \\
&= \frac{2(3 - 2\sqrt{2})}{(3\sqrt{2} - 4)} \pi = \frac{2(3 - 2\sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{2}(3 - 2\sqrt{2})} \pi = \sqrt{2}\pi
\end{aligned}$$

6.(10点×2=20点)

(1)

$$f(z) = \frac{z+2}{z^2+8z+7}, D = \{z \mid 2 < |z| < 5\},$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z+2}{(z+1)(z+7)} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z+1} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z+7}, \alpha_1 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -1} \frac{(z+1)(z+2)}{(z+1)(z+7)} = \frac{1}{6}, \alpha_2 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -7} \frac{(z+7)(z+2)}{(z+1)(z+7)} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{\alpha_1}{z(1+\frac{1}{z})} + \frac{\alpha_2}{7(1+\frac{z}{7})} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{z}\right)^n + \frac{\alpha_2}{7} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{z}{7}\right)^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{6} (-1)^n z^{-(n+1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5}{42} \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right)^n z^n, n+1 = n'$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n'=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{6} (-1)^{n'-1} z^{-n'} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5}{42} \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right)^n z^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{6} (-1)^{n-1} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5}{42} (-7)^{-n} z^n$$

(2)

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)}, D = \{z \mid 3 < |z| < 4\},$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)} = \frac{\alpha_1 z + \beta_1}{z^2 + 2} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z + 5} = \frac{(\alpha_1 z + \beta_1)(z + 5) + \alpha_2(z^2 + 2)}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)} \\ &= \frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)z^2 + (5\alpha_1 + \beta_1)z + (5\beta_1 + 2\alpha_2)}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)}, \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 = 1, 5\alpha_1 + \beta_1 = 1, 5\beta_1 + 2\alpha_2 = 2, \end{aligned}$$

$$5(1 - 5\alpha_1) + 2(1 - \alpha_1) = 7 - 27\alpha_1 = 2, \alpha_1 = \frac{5}{27}, \alpha_2 = \frac{22}{27}, \beta_1 = 1 - \frac{25}{27} = \frac{2}{27}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{\alpha_1 z + \beta_1}{z^2(1 + \frac{2}{z^2})} + \frac{\alpha_2}{5(1 + \frac{z}{5})} = \frac{\alpha_1 z + \beta_1}{z^2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{2}{z^2}\right)^n + \frac{\alpha_2}{5} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{z}{5}\right)^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha_1 (-2)^n z^{-(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \beta_1 (-2)^n z^{-(2n+2)} + \frac{\alpha_2}{5} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-5)^{-n} z^n$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5}{27} (-2)^n z^{-(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{27} (-2)^n z^{-(2n+2)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{22}{27} (-5)^{-n-1} z^n$$

(別解)

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + z + 2}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)} = \frac{\alpha_1}{z - \sqrt{2}i} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z + \sqrt{2}i} + \frac{\alpha_3}{z + 5}$$

$$\alpha_1 = \lim_{z \rightarrow \sqrt{2}i} \frac{(z - \sqrt{2}i)(z^2 + z + 2)}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow \sqrt{2}i} \frac{(z^2 + z + 2)}{(z + \sqrt{2}i)(z + 5)} = \frac{5 - \sqrt{2}i}{54}$$

$$\alpha_2 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}i} \frac{(z + \sqrt{2}i)(z^2 + z + 2)}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}i} \frac{(z^2 + z + 2)}{(z - \sqrt{2}i)(z + 5)} = \frac{5 + \sqrt{2}i}{54}$$

$$\alpha_3 = \lim_{z \rightarrow -5} \frac{(z + 5)(z^2 + z + 2)}{(z^2 + 2)(z + 5)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow -5} \frac{(z^2 + z + 2)}{(z^2 + 2)} = \frac{22}{27}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{\alpha_1}{z(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{z})} + \frac{\alpha_2}{z(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{z})} + \frac{\alpha_3}{5(1 + \frac{z}{5})} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_1}{z} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}i}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_2}{z} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}i}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_3}{5} \left(-\frac{z}{5}\right)^n$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{5 - \sqrt{2}i}{54} (\sqrt{2}i)^{n-1} + \frac{5 + \sqrt{2}i}{54} (-\sqrt{2}i)^{n-1} \right\} z^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{22}{27} (-5)^{-n-1} z^n$$